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| APPLICATION NO. FILING D | | DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/612,012 | 07/0 | 3/2003 | Karl Guegler | CL000968DIV2 | 6674 |
| 25748 | 7590 | 11/30/2005 | EXAMINER | | |
| | GENOMICS | GOMERY, VICE | RAMIREZ, DELIA M | | |
| | UDE DRIVE | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| C2-4#20 | | | 1652 | | |
| ROCKVILI | E, MD 208 | 50 | DATE MAILED: 11/30/2005 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Applicati | on No. | Applicant(s) | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 10/612,0 | 12 | GUEGLER ET AL. | | | | | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examine | r | Art Unit | | | | | |
| | | Delia M. I | | 1652 | | | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communicator Reply | tion appears on th | e cover sheet with t | he correspondence ac | ldress | | | | |
| WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL assistance of the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutore to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | LING DATE OF TI 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no ex- cation. ory period will apply and w by statute, cause the app | HIS COMMUNICAT vent, however, may a reply l vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS plication to become ABAND | FION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this cooned (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) | Responsive to communication(s) filed of | on | | | | | | | |
| · — | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | | | | | |
| 3)□ | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | | | |
| 4)🛛 | 4) Claim(s) 3-13 is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. | | | | | | | | |
| | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | | |
| 8)⊠ | 8) Claim(s) <u>3-13</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | | | | |
| 9)[| The specification is objected to by the E | xaminer. | | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | | | |
| _ | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | | | |
| Priority (| ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | | | | | |
| ω _{/1} | a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some c) ☐ None of. 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | | | |
| | Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | | | | |
| | application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Attachmen | t(s) | | | | | | | | |
| | e of References Cited (PTO-892) | | 4) Interview Summ | | | | | | |
| | e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC | | | ail Date nal Patent Application (PT0 | O-152) | | | | |
| | nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC r No(s)/Mail Date | (סטומכונ | 6) Other: | nai i atom Apphoalion (F 10 | · | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of the Application

Claims 3-13 are pending.

Applicant's preliminary amendment canceling claims 1-2 and 14-23 in a communication filed on 7/3/2003 is acknowledged.

It is noted that claims 3, 10, 11 and 12 depend on a canceled claim (either claim 1 or 2). For restriction purposes, it will be assumed that these claims refer to a polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of claim 4, instead.

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claim 3, drawn to an isolated antibody, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1.
 - II. Claims 4-6, 8-11, drawn to an isolated polynucleotide, a gene chip comprising the polynucleotide, vectors comprising the polynucleotide, host cells comprising the vector, and a method to recombinantly produce the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1.
 - III. Claim 7, drawn to a transgenic non-human animal comprising a polynucleotide, classified in class 800, subclass 13.
 - IV. Claim 12, drawn to a method for detecting the presence of a polypeptide, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
 - V. Claim 13, drawn to a method for detecting the presence of a nucleic acid, classified in class 436, subclass 94.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Groups I, II and III each comprise a chemically unrelated structure capable of separate manufacture, use, and effect. The polynucleotide in Group II comprises purine and pyrimidine units, the transgenic non-human animal in Group III is a multicellular organism whereas the antibody of Group I

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comprises amino acids. Thus, they are structurally and chemically distinct products. The polynucleotide has other uses besides encoding the protein to which the antibody of Group I binds or being introduced in the transgenic non-human animal of Group III, such as a hybridization probe or in gene therapy. The transgenic animal of Group III can have other uses such as *in vivo* testing besides manufacturing the protein to which the antibody of Group I binds. The antibody of Group I is neither encoded by the polynucleotide of Group II nor is made by the transgenic non-human animal of Group III.

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- 3. The polynucleotide of Group II and the method of Group V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the polynucleotide of Group II can be used in the method of Group V as well as in the recombinant production of the polypeptide to which the antibody of Group I binds.
- 4. The antibody of Group I and the method of Group IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the antibody of Group I can be used in the detection method of Group IV as well as to purify the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of Group II.
- 5. The antibody of Group I and the method of Group V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the antibody of Group I is neither used nor made by the detection method of Group V, which is a method to detect a nucleic acid.

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6. The nucleic acid of Group II and the method of Group IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the nucleic acid of Group II is neither used nor made by the detection method of Group IV, which is a method to detect a polypeptide.

- 7. The transgenic non-human animal of Group III and the methods of Groups IV-V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the transgenic animal of Group III is neither made nor use by the detection methods of Groups IV-V
- 8. The methods of Groups IV-V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the methods of Groups IV-V detect different products. As such, they comprise different steps, use different products and produce different results.
- 9. As set forth in MPEP § 803, the criteria for a proper restriction between patentably distinct inventions requires that the inventions must be independent or distinct as claimed, and a search of all the inventions would impose a serious burden on the examiner. Groups I-V have been shown to be independent or distinct, for the reasons set forth above. MPEP § 803 also indicates that a serious burden on the examiner may be prima facie shown if the Examiner shows by appropriate explanation either separate classification, separate status in the art, or a different field of search. The inventions of Groups I-V have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, as shown by their different classification. In addition, a search of all the inventions would require at a minimum a separate patented/non-patented literature search, a sequence search, and a class/subclass search, therefore a comprehensive examination of all

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groups would impose an undue burden on the Examiner. Thus, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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- 10. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.
- 11. In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996).

 Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

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12. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement can be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

- 13. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 14. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PMR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).
- 15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Delia M. Ramirez whose telephone number is (571) 272-0938. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Ponnathapura Achutamurthy can be reached on (571) 272-0928. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Delia M. Ramirez, Ph.D.

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DR July 21, 2005